

Trumpet Vine

July/August

Page 11

Hort Tips and News Sandy Welches, Editor, MGV '05

Powdery mildew on Bee Balm	Upgrade your wheelbarrow to carry large loads
Bee balm (Monarda didyma) is a great plant to attract bees, butterflies and hummingbirds to the garden. Unfortunately, it's also a great powdery mildew mag- net and you end up losing some or all of your leaves to this disease during the course of the summer. However, it's not a disease that tends to kill the plant; it only makes it look bad. There are cultural recommendations to help control powdery mildew. These include planting in full sun, providing good air circulation so that early morning dews dry off the leaves, and watering at ground level, keeping those leaves dry. But we live in Ohio, and no matter how good your cultural practices are, bee balm might still get the disease.	some practical advice: My husband drilled two holes on either side of my wheelbarrow and attached a bungee cord to one side. When I'm not using the bungee cord, it stays neatly wrapped around the han- dle, out of the way. But when I want to transport a really large load of brush, I pull the bungee cord over the top of the pile and hook it into the hole on the oth- er side of the wheelbarrow. This keeps branches from falling out or dragging along the ground Martha Buisman, Gorham, Maine., (2015, August). Readers' Tips. Fine Gardening, pp15, 16
bee balm, and they all tend to get powdery mildew each year; some years are heavier than others. I	that occurs when fruit sits directly on moist soil. Slip a paper plate holder under each fragile fruit to help pre- vent decay.
THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY	



The Ohio State University

COLLEGE OF FOOD, AGRICULTURAL, AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

CFAES provides research and related educational programs to clientele on a nondiscriminatory basis. For more information: http://go.osu.edu/cfaes.diversity